Pattern Operations at Venango County Airport Cessna 172 - CAP 180 HP

Venango County Airport Complex

- Airport Designator: KFKL
- Runway dimensions: •
 - o Runway 3-21: 5201 feet x 150 feet 0
 - Runway 12-30: 3592 feet x 100 feet



- Field Elevation: 1,540 feet MSL •
- Pattern Altitude: 2,500 feet MSL •
- Frequencies: •
 - CTAF: 122.7
 - ASOS: 118.175 (Phone: 814-437-2066)
 - Youngstown Approach: 126.25
 - Youngstown Departure: 133.95
- FBO Phone: 814-432-5333 .
- **Restrictions:** ٠
 - o Call FBO for Transient Pilot Security Procedures or after-hours escort
- Noise Abatement Procedures: None •
- Approaches: •
 - o ILS/LOC 6; RNAV (GPS) 3; RNAV (GPS) 21; VOR 3; VOR 21

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Pattern Work – Runway 3 Venango County Cessna 172 – CAP 180 HP



	Procedu	ires
Α	 Begin rotation at 55 KIAS Pitch for 60 KIAS 	 3. Establish climb 4. TC = ball centered
В	 Pitch for 76 KIAS Maintain runway heading of 240° 	3. Climb to 700 ft MSL
С	 Make crosswind turn to 330°. May need to wait for Tower clearance. Level off at 1100 ft MSL Throttle to 2300 RPM 	 4. Adjust trim for level flight a. ASI = stable in green arc b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 330° e. ALT = 1100 f. VSI = 0
D	 About ½ Mile from Extended Center Line. May need to wait for Tower clearance. 1. Turn downwind to heading of 060° 2. Carb Heat – On 3. Throttle 2000 RPM 	 4. Maintain straight-and-level flight a. ASI = 90 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 060° e. ALT = 1100 f. VSI = 0

	Procedures		
E	 Abeam Base Numbers (24) 1. Throttle 1500 RPM 2. Flaps 10° 3. Push yoke forward to minimize ballooning from flap extension 4. Pitch down for 500 FPM 5. Carb Heat – On 	 6. Verify Instruments a. ASI = 80 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 060° e. ALT = 1100 f. VSI = 500 ♥ start descent 	
F	 At 45° from the runway threshold 1. Turn to heading of 150° 2. Transmit "CAP Flight 29xx, Base with the gear." 3. Flaps 20° 	 4. Verify instruments a. ASI = 75 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = about 5° below horizon d. HI = 150° e. ALT = descending f. VSI = 500 FPM ♥ g. Tachometer = 1500 RPM 	
G	 When nose is about to touch extended centerline 1. Turn to heading of 240° 2. Make sure Tower has said, "CAP Flight 29xx, cleared to land." 3. Flaps 30° 4. No slips with more than 10° of flaps 	 5. Verify instruments a. ASI = 65 - 70 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = about 5° below horizon d. HI = 240° e. ALT = descending f. VSI = 500 FPM ↓ g. Tachometer = 1500 RPM 	
Η	 Just before crossing the threshold 1. Throttle to Idle (full back) 2. Pitch for 65 KIAS 3. At 2 – 3 feet above runway surface a. Begin flare b. Gently apply back pressure to the yoke 4. If flare too high, add 100 RPM 	 5. If go-around is necessary a. Full power b. Carb heat – Off c. Flaps up 10° d. Pitch for 60 KIAS e. Establish positive rate of climb f. Flaps up 10° g. Establish 500 FPM ↑ h. At 700 ft MSL retract flaps i. Pitch for 76 KIAS 	

Pattern Work – Runway 21 Venango County Cessna 172 – CAP 180 HP



	Procedures			
D	 Abeam Base Numbers (6) 1. Throttle 1500 RPM 2. Flaps 10° 3. Push yoke forward to minimize ballooning from flap extension 4. Pitch down for 500 FPM 5. Carb Heat – On 	 6. Verify Instruments a. ASI = 80 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 240° e. ALT = 1000 f. VSI = 500 ♥ start descent 		
Ε	 At 45° from the runway threshold 1. Turn to heading of 150° 2. Transmit "CAP Flight 29xx, Base with the gear." 3. Flaps 20° 	 4. Verify instruments a. ASI = 75 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = about 5° below horizon d. HI = 150° e. ALT = descending f. VSI = 500 FPM ↓ g. Tachometer = 1500 RPM 		
F	 When nose is about to touch extended centerline 1. Turn to heading of 060° 2. Make sure Tower has said, "CAP Flight 29xx, cleared to land." 3. Flaps 30° 4. No slips with more than 10° of flaps 	 5. Verify instruments a. ASI = 65-70 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = about 5° below horizon d. HI = 060° e. ALT = descending f. VSI = 500 FPM ↓ g. Tachometer = 1500 RPM 		
G	 Just before crossing the threshold 1. Throttle to Idle (full back) 2. Pitch for 65 KIAS 3. At 2 – 3 feet above runway surface a. Begin flare b. Gently apply back pressure to the yoke 4. If flare too high, add 100 RPM 	 5. If go-around is necessary a. Full power b. Carb heat – Off c. Flaps up 10° d. Pitch for 60 KIAS e. Establish positive rate of climb f. Flaps up 10° g. Establish 500 FPM ↑ h. At 700 ft MSL retract flaps i. Pitch for 76 KIAS 		

Pattern Work – Runway 30 Venango County Cessna 172 – CAP 180 HP



	Procedures		
Α	 Begin rotation at 55 KIAS Pitch for 60 KIAS 	 3. Establish climb 4. TC = ball centered 	
B	 Pitch for 76 KIAS Maintain runway heading of 240° 	3. Climb to 700 ft MSL	
С	 Make crosswind turn to 240°. May need to wait for Tower clearance. Level off at 1100 ft MSL Throttle to 2300 RPM 	 4. Adjust trim for level flight a. ASI = stable in green arc b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 240° e. ALT = 1100 f. VSI = 0 	
D	 About ½ Mile from Extended Center Line. May need to wait for Tower clearance. 1. Turn downwind to heading of 330° 2. Carb Heat – On 3. Throttle 2000 RPM 	 4. Maintain straight-and-level flight a. ASI = 90 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 330° e. ALT = 1100 f. VSI = 0 	
E	Abeam Base Numbers (15) 1. Throttle 1500 RPM	6. Verify Instruments a. ASI = 80 KIAS	

	Procedu	ires
	 Flaps 10° Push yoke forward to minimize ballooning from flap extension Pitch down for 500 FPM Carb Heat - On 	 b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 330° e. ALT = 1100 f. VSI = 500 ♥ start descent
F	 At 45° from the runway threshold 1. Turn to heading of 060° 2. Transmit "CAP Flight 29xx, Base with the gear." 3. Flaps 20° 	 4. Verify instruments a. ASI = 75 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = about 5° below horizon d. HI = 060° e. ALT = descending f. VSI = 500 FPM ↓ g. Tachometer = 1500 RPM
G	 When nose is about to touch extended centerline 1. Turn to heading of 150° 2. Make sure Tower has said, "CAP Flight 29xx, cleared to land." 3. Flaps 30° 4. No slips with more than 10° of flaps 	 5. Verify instruments a. ASI = 65 - 70 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = about 5° below horizon d. HI = 150° e. ALT = descending f. VSI = 500 FPM ↓ g. Tachometer = 1500 RPM
Η	 Just before crossing the threshold 1. Throttle to Idle (full back) 2. Pitch for 65 KIAS 3. At 2 – 3 feet above runway surface a. Begin flare b. Gently apply back pressure to the yoke 4. If flare too high, add 100 RPM 	 5. If go-around is necessary a. Full power b. Carb heat – Off c. Flaps up 10° d. Pitch for 60 KIAS e. Establish positive rate of climb f. Flaps up 10° g. Establish 500 FPM ↑ h. At 700 ft MSL retract flaps i. Pitch for 76 KIAS

Pattern Work – Runway 12 Venango County Cessna 172 – CAP 180 HP



	Procedu	ires
Α	 Begin rotation at 55 KIAS Pitch for 60 KIAS Establish climb TC = ball centered 	 5. Pitch for 76 KIAS 6. Hold runway heading 330° to 700 ft MSL
B	 Make crosswind turn to 240°. May need to wait for Tower clearance. Level off at 1100 ft MSL Throttle to 2300 RPM 	 4. Adjust trim for level flight a. ASI = stable in green arc b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 240° e. ALT = 1100 f. VSI = 0
С	 About ½ Mile from Extended Center Line. May need to wait for Tower clearance. 1. Turn downwind to heading of 150° 2. Carb Heat – On 3. Throttle 2000 RPM 	 4. Maintain straight-and-level flight a. ASI = 90 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 150° e. ALT = 1000 f. VSI = 0

	Procedures			
D	 Abeam Base Numbers (33) 1. Throttle 1500 RPM 2. Flaps 10° 3. Push yoke forward to minimize ballooning from flap extension 4. Pitch down for 500 FPM 5. Carb Heat - On 	 6. Verify Instruments a. ASI = 80 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = level on horizon d. HI = 150° e. ALT = 1000 f. VSI = 500 ♥ start descent 		
Ε	 At 45° from the runway threshold 1. Turn to heading of 060° 2. Transmit "CAP Flight 29xx, Base with the gear." 3. Flaps 20° 	 4. Verify instruments a. ASI = 75 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = about 5° below horizon d. HI = 060° e. ALT = descending f. VSI = 500 FPM ↓ g. Tachometer = 1500 RPM 		
F	 When nose is about to touch extended centerline 1. Turn to heading of 330° 2. Make sure Tower has said, "CAP Flight 29xx, cleared to land." 3. Flaps 30° 4. No slips with more than 10° of flaps 	 5. Verify instruments a. ASI = 65-70 KIAS b. TC = wings level, ball centered c. AI = about 5° below horizon d. HI = 330° e. ALT = descending f. VSI = 500 FPM ↓ g. Tachometer = 1500 RPM 		
G	 Just before crossing the threshold 1. Throttle to Idle (full back) 2. Pitch for 65 KIAS 3. At 2 – 3 feet above runway surface a. Begin flare b. Gently apply back pressure to the yoke 4. If flare too high, add 100 RPM 	 5. If go-around is necessary a. Full power b. Carb heat – Off c. Flaps up 10° d. Pitch for 60 KIAS e. Establish positive rate of climb f. Flaps up 10° g. Establish 500 FPM ↑ h. At 700 ft MSL retract flaps i. Pitch for 76 KIAS 		

V-Speeds for Cessna 172 – CAP 180 HP

Vspeed	Airspeed in KIAS
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{X}}$	60
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{Y}}$	76
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{A}}$	105
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{S}}$	50
V _{so}	40
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{FE}}$	85
V_{NO}	127
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{NE}}$	158
V _{Rotate}	60
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{Final}}$	65 - 70
V _{Glide}	70

Terms, Definitions, Abbreviations Cessna 172 – CAP 180 HP

Term	Definition	
AGL	Above Ground Level	
AI	Attitude Indicator or Artificial Horizon	
Alignment	Ground crew member who uses hand signals to provide taxiing instructions	
ALT	Altimeter	
ASI	Airspeed Indicator	
ASOS	Automated Surface Observation System	
AWOS	Automated Weather Observation System. Predecessor of ASOS	
CTAF	Common Traffic Advisory Frequency	
DG	Directional Gyro or Heading Indicator	
FBO	Fixed Base Operator	
Ground	Frequency used to contact Ground Control	
HI	Heading Indicator or Directional Gyro	
Interval	Aircraft in front of your aircraft in the pattern	
MSL	Mean Sea Level	
PCL	Pilot-controlled Lighting	
ТС	Turn Coordinator	
Tower	Frequency used to contact the Control Tower	
TPA	Traffic Pattern Altitude	
Unicom	Usually same as CTAF. Used to call for fuel or other services, e.g. Miller Unicom	
VASI	Visual Approach Slope Indicator	
	White/White Above glideslope (high) [You'll fly all night]	
	Red/White On glideslope [You're all right]	
	Red/RedBelow glideslope (low)[You're dead]	
VSI	Vertical Speed Indicator	